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 and all others similarly situated*

24  
**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
 25  
**NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

26 JOHN CLERKIN and VERONICA MENDEZ, ) Case No. C11-00527 CW  
 27 individually and on behalf of all others )  
 28 similarly situated, )  
 29 Plaintiffs, ) **CLASS ACTION**  
 30 )  
 31 v. ) **CORRECTED STIPULATED**  
 32 ) **PROTECTIVE ORDER**  
 33 )  
 34 MYLIFE.COM, INC. and OAK )  
 35 INVESTMENT PARTNERS, )  
 36 )  
 37 Defendants. )  
 38 )  
 39 CYNTHIA McCRARY, individually and on )  
 40 behalf of all others similarly situated, )  
 41 Plaintiff, )  
 42 )  
 43 v. )  
 44 )  
 45 MYLIFE.COM, INC., )  
 46 )  
 47 Defendants. )

## 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

10 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of  
11 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public  
12 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted.  
13 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated  
14 Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on  
15 all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure  
16 and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment  
17 under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3,  
18 below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information  
19 under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the  
20 standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under  
21 seal.

## 2. DEFINITIONS

23                   2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of  
24 information or items under this Order.

25                   2.2 "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is  
26 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule  
27 of Civil Procedure 26(c).

1                   2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as  
2 well as their support staff).

3                   2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items  
4 that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

5                   2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the  
6 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,  
7 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or  
8 responses to discovery in this matter.

9                   2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent  
10 to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as  
11 a consultant in this action.

12                   2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House  
13 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

14                   2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other  
15 legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

16                   2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this  
17 action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action  
18 on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

19                   2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,  
20 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

21                   2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery  
22 Material in this action.

23                   2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support  
24 services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and  
25 organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and  
26 subcontractors.

27                   2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is  
28 designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

1                   2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a  
2 Producing Party.

3                   3.        SCOPE

4                   The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material  
5 (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2)  
6 all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,  
7 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.  
8 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the  
9 following information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to  
10 a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as  
11 a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the  
12 public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party  
13 prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who  
14 obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating  
15 Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

16                   4.        DURATION

17                   Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations  
18 imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing  
19 or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal  
20 of all claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein  
21 after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this  
22 action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time  
23 pursuant to applicable law.

24                   5.        DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

25                   5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

26                   Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this  
27 Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the  
28 appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of

1 material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions  
2 of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are  
3 not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

4 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are  
5 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to  
6 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary  
7 expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

8 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated  
9 for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other  
10 Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

11 **5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations.**

12 Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a)  
13 below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for  
14 protection under this Order must be clearly so  
15 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

16 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

17 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but  
18 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party  
19 affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains protected material. If only a  
20 portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also  
21 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the  
22 margins).

23 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection  
24 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material  
25 it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the  
26 material made available for inspection shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting  
27 Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must  
28 determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then,

1 before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL"  
2 legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material  
3 on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected  
4 portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

5 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the  
6 Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other  
7 proceeding, all protected testimony.

8 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other  
9 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container  
10 or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL." If only a  
11 portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the  
12 extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

13 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
14 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's  
15 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a  
16 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated  
17 in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

18 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

19 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a  
20 designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's  
21 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary  
22 economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its  
23 right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after  
24 the original designation is disclosed.

25 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute  
26 resolution process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing  
27 the basis for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the  
28 written notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with

1 this specific paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge  
2 in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other  
3 forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In  
4 conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality  
5 designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the  
6 designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to  
7 explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of  
8 the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first  
9 or establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process  
10 in a timely manner.

11                   6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court  
12 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under  
13 Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) within 21 days of  
14 the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer  
15 process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be  
16 accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet  
17 and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to  
18 make such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable)  
19 shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In  
20 addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any  
21 time if there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition  
22 transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be  
23 accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet  
24 and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

25                   The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the  
26 Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass  
27 or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party  
28 to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to

1 file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the  
2 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's  
3 designation until the court rules on the challenge.

4       7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

5           7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is  
6 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for  
7 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be  
8 disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order.  
9 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of  
10 section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

11           Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a  
12 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under  
13 this Order.

14           7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items.

15           Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a  
16 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

17               (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as  
18 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the  
19 information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be  
20 Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

21               (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the  
22 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have  
23 signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

24               (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is  
25 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and  
26 Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

27               (d) the court and its personnel;

28               (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors,

1 and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who  
2 have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

3 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is  
4 reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"  
5 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of  
6 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be  
7 separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted  
8 under this Stipulated Protective Order.

9 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian  
10 or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN  
OTHER LITIGATION

13 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels  
14 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that Party  
15 must:

22 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the  
23 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

24 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the  
25 subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as  
26 “CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued,  
27 unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear  
28 the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and

1 nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party  
2 in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

3       9.       A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE  
4                   PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

5               (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party  
6 in this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL." Such information produced by Non-Parties  
7 in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order.  
8 Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking  
9 additional protections.

10               (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a  
11 Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement  
12 with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:

13                   1. promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that  
14 some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a  
15 Non-Party;

16                   2. promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective  
17 Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of  
18 the information requested; and

19                   3. make the information requested available for inspection by the  
20 Non-Party.

21               (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within  
22 14 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce  
23 the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party  
24 timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its  
25 possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a  
26 determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the  
27 burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.

28

10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE  
PROTECTED MATERIAL

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

## 12. MISCELLANOUS

21                   12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person  
22 to seek its modification by the court in the future.

23           12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective  
24 Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any  
25 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no  
26 Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered  
27 by this Protective Order.

1                   12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the  
2 Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a  
3 Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to  
4 file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material  
5 may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific  
6 Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon  
7 a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade  
8 secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file  
9 Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d) is denied by the court, then the  
10 Receiving Party may file the information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e)  
11 unless otherwise instructed by the court.

12                   13.     FINAL DISPOSITION.

13                   Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each  
14 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material.  
15 As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,  
16 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether  
17 the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written  
18 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating  
19 Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected  
20 Material that was returned or destroyed and  
21 (2)affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries  
22 or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this  
23 provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial,  
24 deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial  
25 exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if  
26 such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute  
27 Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in  
28 Section 4 (DURATION).

1 All Parties further agree that they will be bound by the terms of this Order prior to its  
2 execution and entry by the Court.

3 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

4 DATED: January 11, 2012

**KIRTLAND & PACKARD LLP**

5 Michael Louis Kelly  
Behram V. Parekh  
Heather M. Peterson

6  
7 By: /s/ Behram V. Parekh  
Behram V. Parekh, of counsel

8  
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10 **BURSOR & FISHER, P.A.**  
11 Scott A. Bursor  
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12  
13 *Counsel for Plaintiffs and all others similarly  
14 situated*

15  
16 DATED: January 11, 2012

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18  
19 By: /s/ Carole Handler  
20 Carole Handler, Esq.

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24  
25 *Counsel for Defendant*

26  
27 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED AS MODIFIED.

28 DATED: 1/12/12

  
Nathanael M. Cousins, U.S. Magistrate Judge

## **EXHIBIT A**

## ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

3 I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of \_\_\_\_\_  
4 [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and  
5 understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for  
6 the Northern District of California on \_\_\_\_\_ [date] in the case of *Clerkin v. MyLife.com, Inc.*,  
7 et al, Case No. C11-00527 CW. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this  
8 Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could  
9 expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will  
10 not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective  
11 Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

12 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the  
13 Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective  
14 Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action. I hereby  
15 appoint \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name] of  
16 \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address and telephone number]  
17 as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings  
18 related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

19 || Date:

20 City and State where sworn and signed:

21 Printed name:

22 || [printed name]

23 || Signature:

24 || [signature]